

Structure-Property Relationships in the Relaxor Ferroelectric $\text{Na}_{1/2}\text{Bi}_{1/2}\text{TiO}_3$

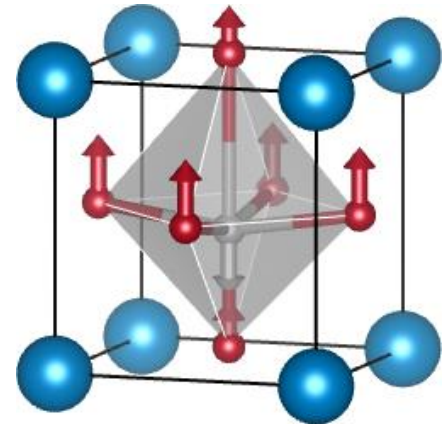


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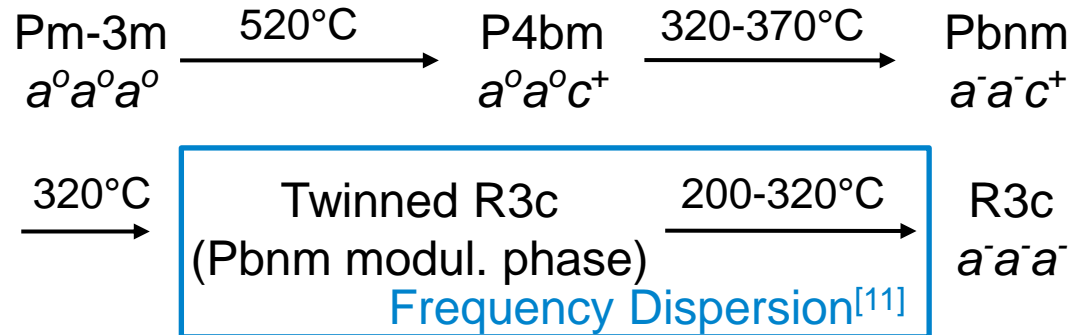


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Motivation: Understanding the complexity of $\text{Na}_{1/2}\text{Bi}_{1/2}\text{TiO}_3$ (NBT)

Temperature^[1-4]



Pressure^[5,6]

$P > 2.0$ GPa orthorhombic Pbnm stable

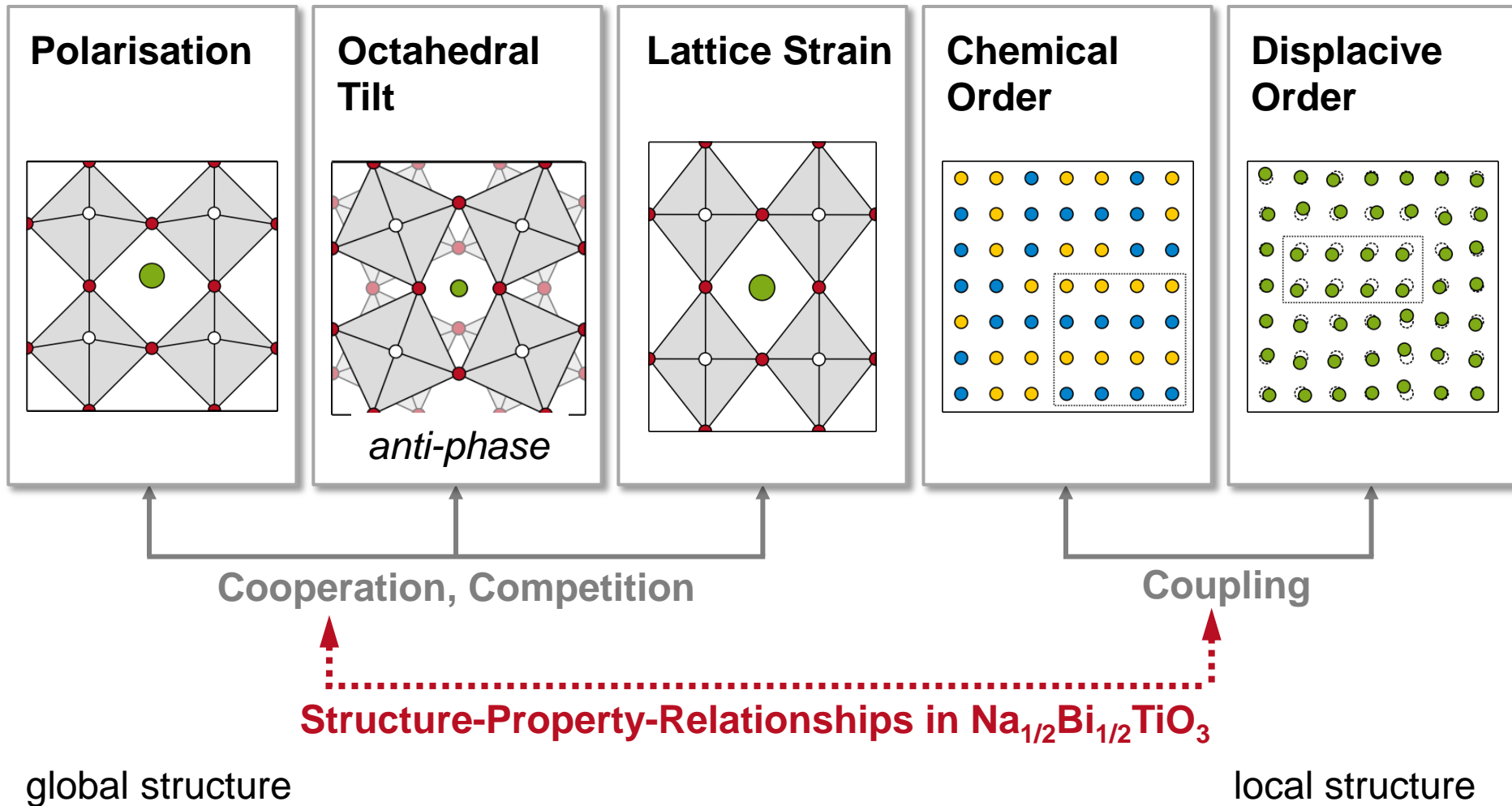
Deviations from R3c

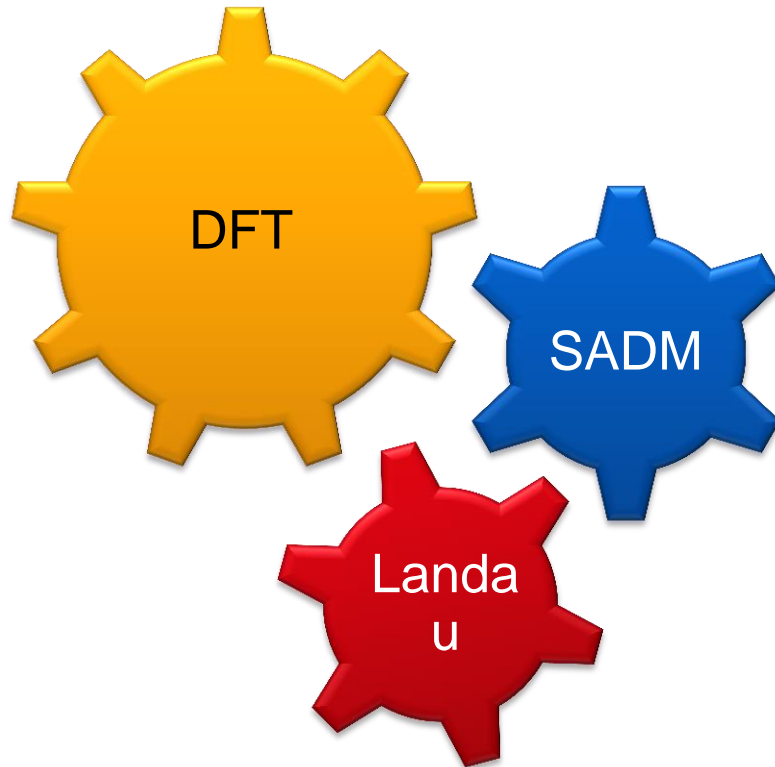
Strong Diffuse Scattering: $\langle 100 \rangle$ -like planar defects and modulation (length ~ 40 Å)^[5,7,8]

Monoclinic deviation from R3c in single crystals^[9] and ceramics^[10], Cc-phase

- [1] G.O. Jones, *Acta. Cryst. B* 58 (2002) 168.
- [2] V. Dorcet, *Chem. Mater.* 20 (2008) 5061.
- [3] G. Trolliard, *Chem. Mater.* 20 (2008) 5074.
- [4] V. Dorcet, *J. Magn. Magn. Mat* 321 (2009) 1758.
- [5] J. Kreisel, *Phys. Rev. B* 68 (2003) 014113.
- [6] P. A. Thomas, *Z. Kristallographie* 220 (2005) 545.
- [7] P. A. Thomas, *Solid State Sci.* 12 (2010) 311.
- [8] J. E. Daniels, *Appl. Phys. Lett.* 98 (2011) 252904.
- [9] S. Gorfman, *J. Appl. Cryst.* 43 (2010) 1409.
- [10] E. Aksel, *Appl. Phys. Lett.* 98 (2011) 152901.
- [11] Y. Hiruma, *J. Appl. Phys.* 105 (2009) 08411.

Flexibility of the perovskite structure





Density functional theory

Quantum mechanics

Optimized crystal structures and relative stabilities

Symmetry-adapted distortion modes

Group theory

Relevant distortion modes and order parameters

Landau theory

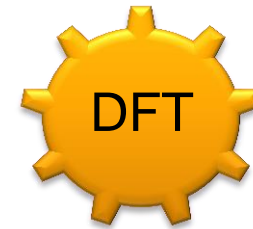
Phenomenological theory

Properties depending on order parameters,
order parameter coupling

Questions

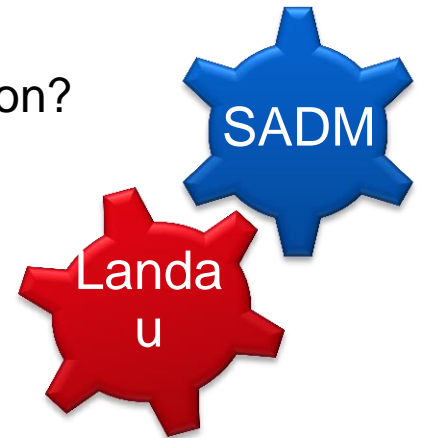
Phase stability and its order/pressure dependence

- Which phases are stable?
- Is phase coexistence possible?
- Consequences?



Structure-property relationships

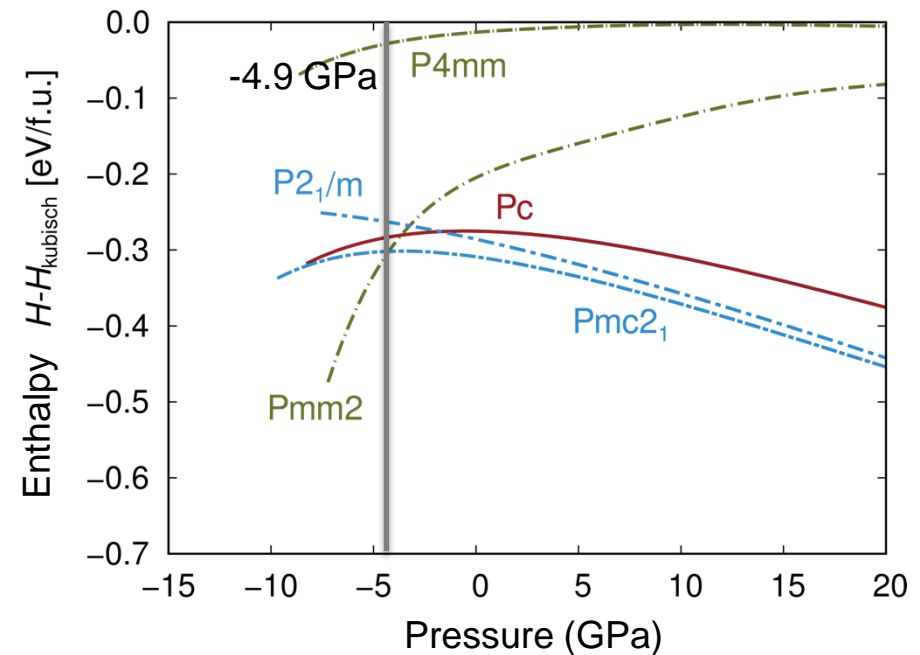
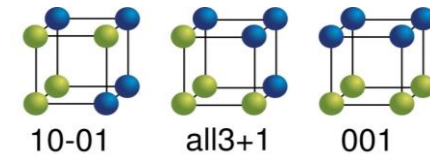
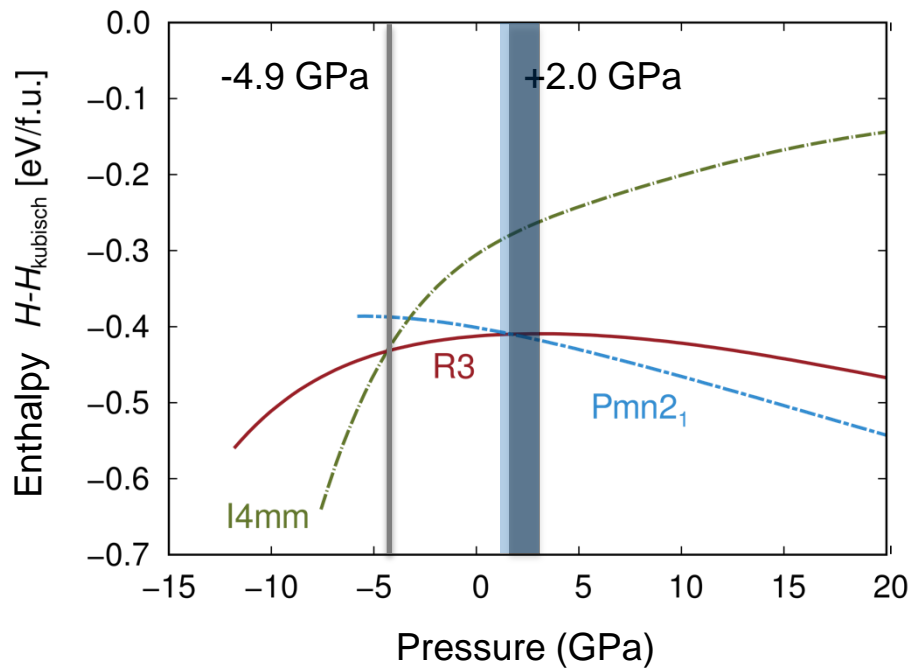
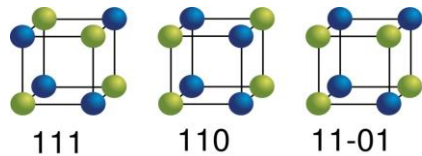
- Influence of chemical order and octahedral tilts on polarisation?
- Consequences?



Pressure dependence of phase stability

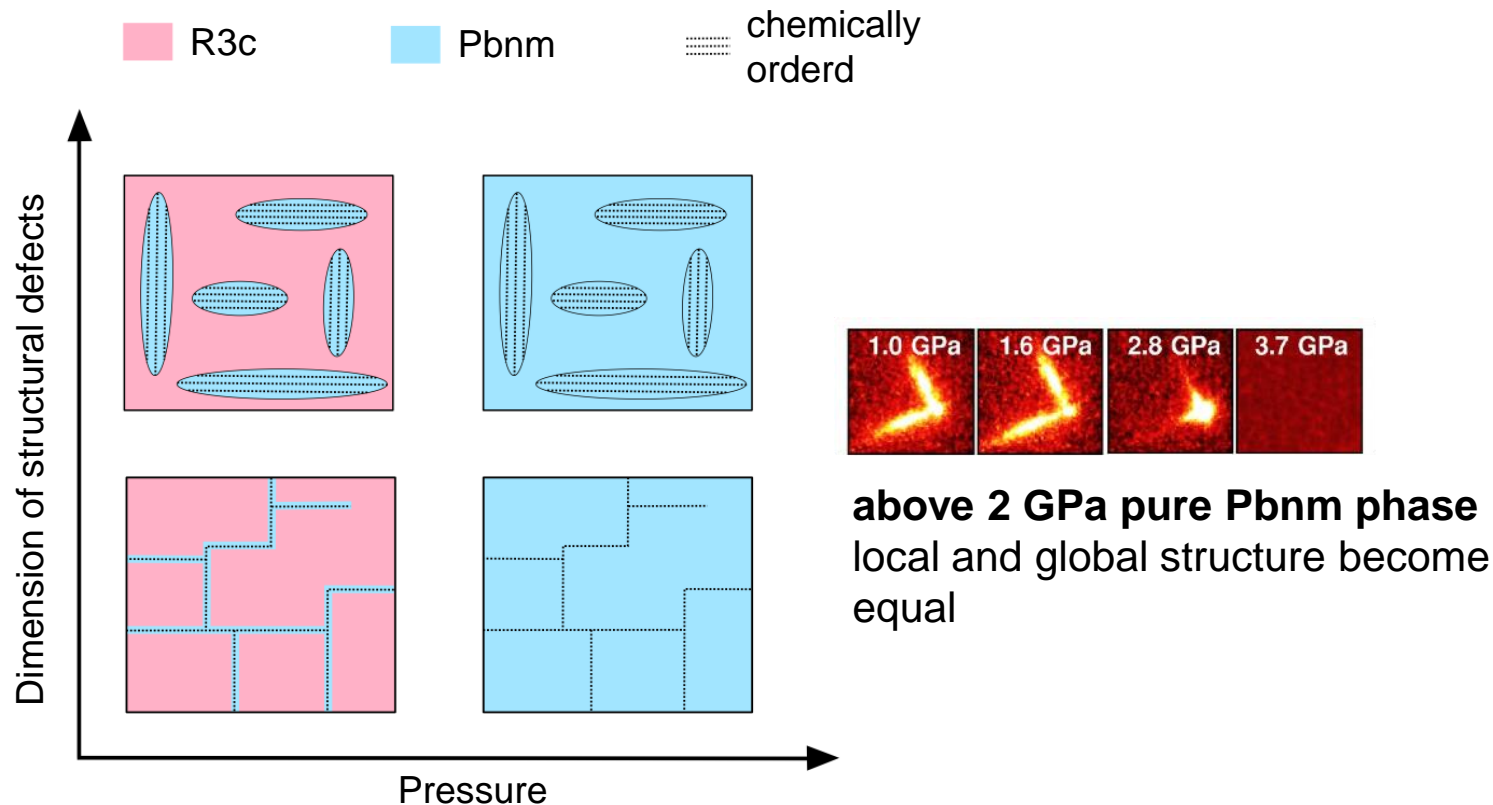
Phase diagrams

representative for:



experiment: 1.6-3.3 GPa^[1,2]

Structure models

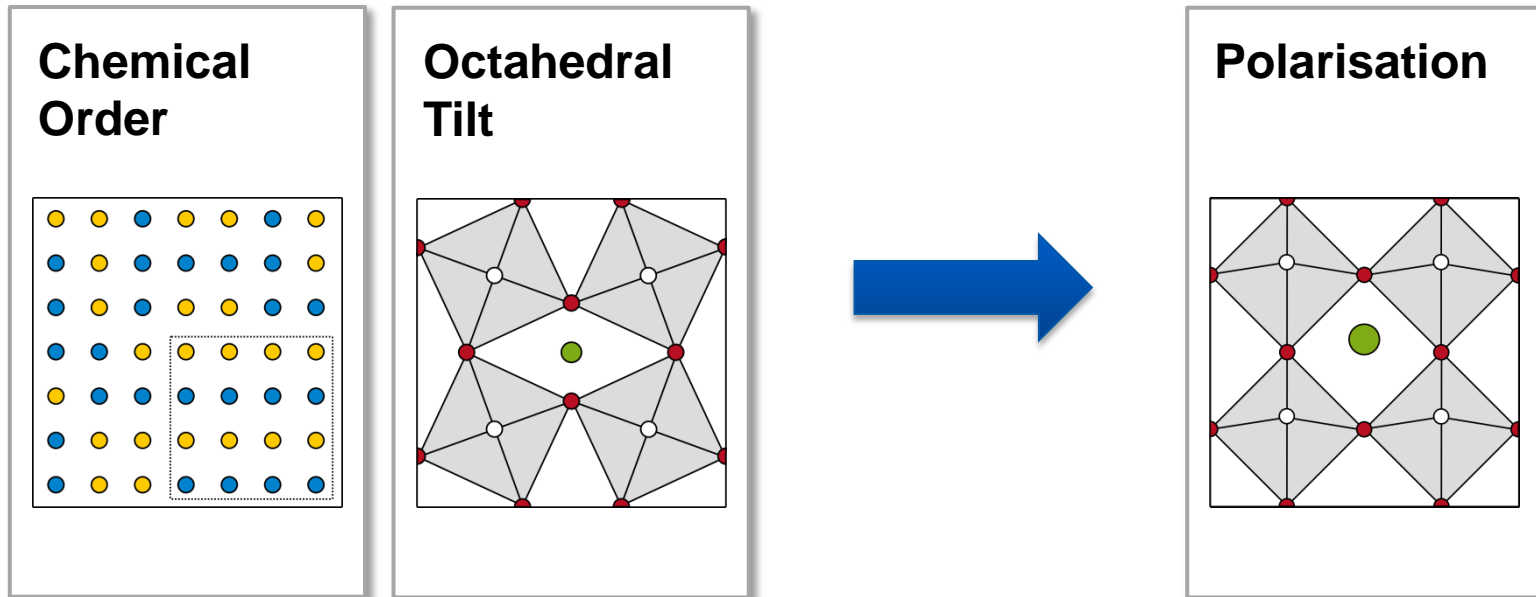


Phase coexistence at atmospheric pressure (R3c+Pbnm)

Chemically ordered Pbnm-regions cause deviations of local structure from global structure

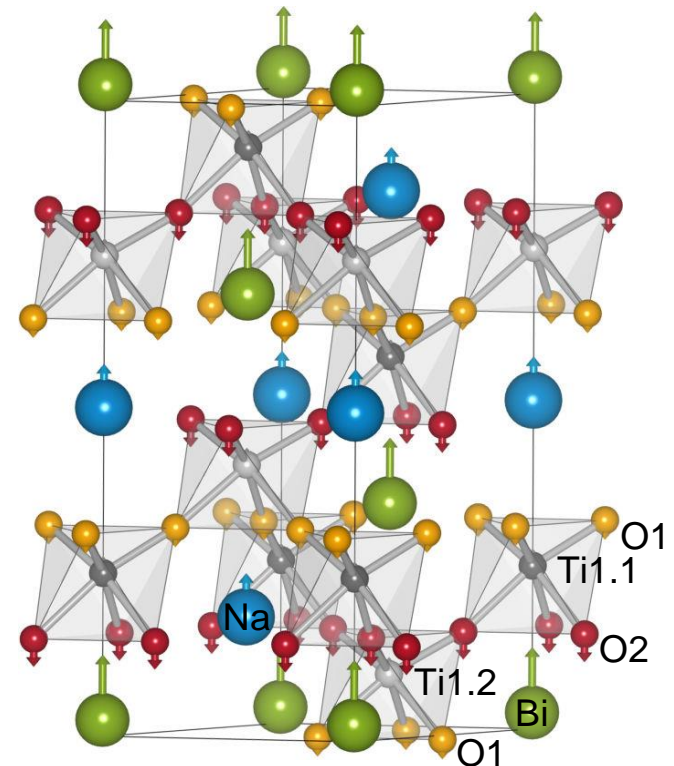
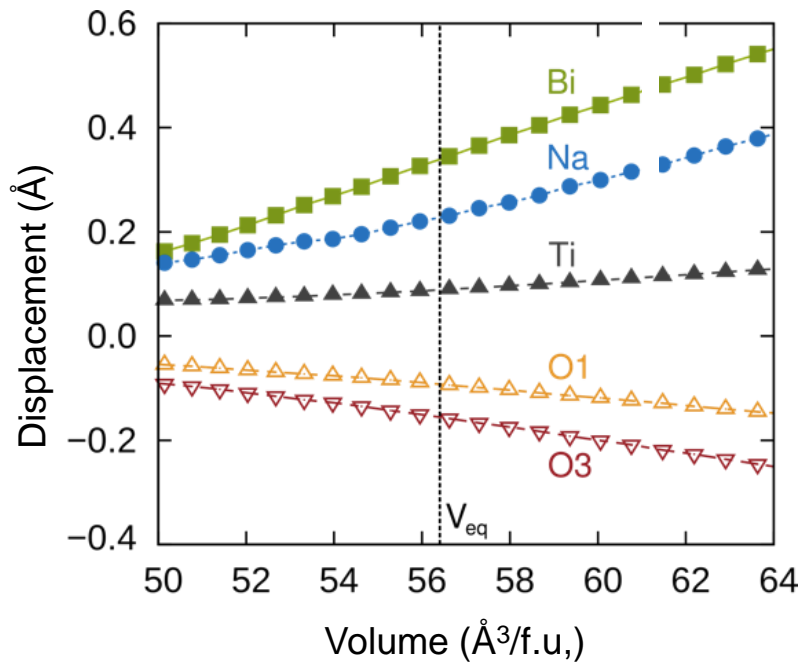
J. Kreisel et al., *Phys. Rev. B* 68 (2003) 014113.

Polar displacements influenced by octahedral tilt and chemical order?



Polar mode in R3c structure

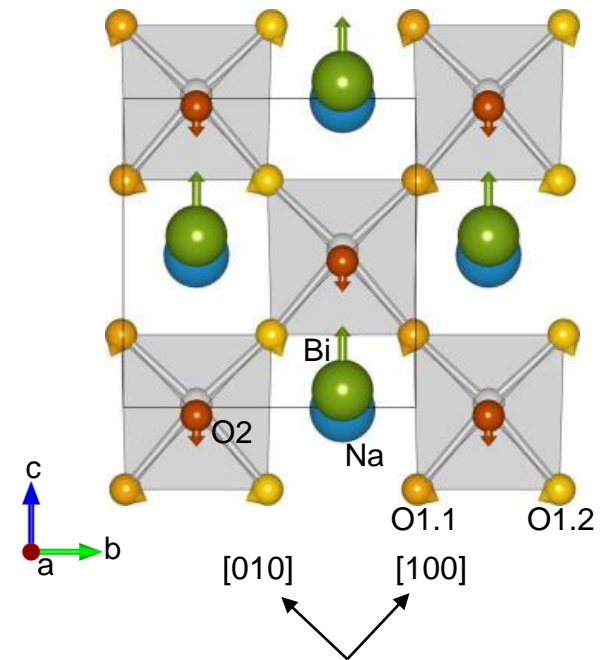
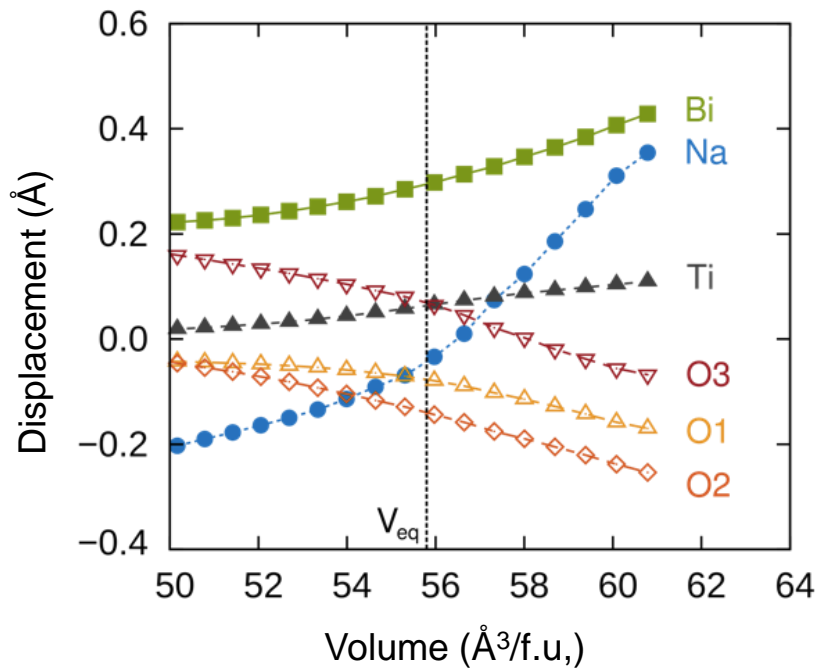
Atomic displacements



polarisation in rhombohedral
direction $[111]_{pc}$

Polar mode in Pbnm structure

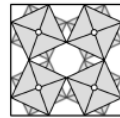
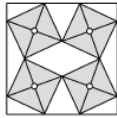
Atomic displacements



polarisation in orthorhombic
direction $[110]_{pc}$

Induced polarisation in 001-ordered Pbnm-structure

$$E = E(P) + E(\phi) + E(\theta) + E(P, \phi) + E(P, \theta) + E(\phi, \theta) + E(P, \phi, \theta)$$

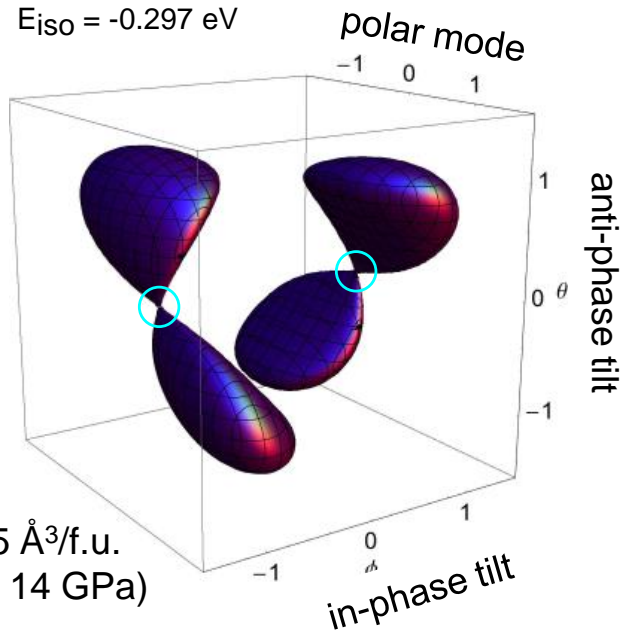


common even terms

$$E(P, f, q) = d_{111} P f q + e_{311} P^3 f q + e_{131} P f^3 q + e_{113} P f q^3 + c_{222} P^2 f^2 q^2$$

odd terms can soften otherwise hard modes

$E_{\text{iso}} = -0.297 \text{ eV}$



At small volumes polarisation is induced

High-pressure phase might be improper ferroelectric instead of antiferroelectric

Phase stability and its pressure dependence

- Which phases are stable?
- Is phase coexistence possible?
- Consequences?

P4mm, R3c/Pbnm, Pbnm

R3c/Pbnm coexistence

tilt and displacive order/disorder

Structure-property relationships

- Influence of chemical order and octahedral tilts on polarisation?
- Consequences?

strong

polar disorder

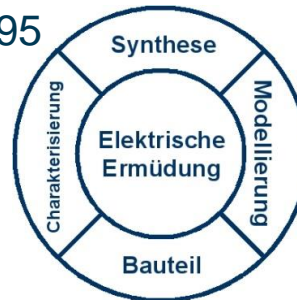
improper FE in ordered regions

Acknowledgment

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